

# Bacterial synthesis and decomposition of bioplastics



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## Introduction

More than 10 million tons of plastic waste are washed away into the sea every year, and microplastics pollution is a problem. We wanted to isolate marine bacteria from sun-dried salt and make bioplastics that would be degraded in the ocean.

## Two types of bioplastics

**Biomass plastics**  
(Resource recycling type)

Biopolycarbonate  
PET PTT  
BioPE BioPP  
BioPET etc

(Both properties)

PLA  
PHBH  
BioPBS

Polylactic acid, Polybutyric acid

**Biodegradable plastics**  
(Natural biodegradation type)

PCL  
PBS etc

Ocean degradability

## Purpose

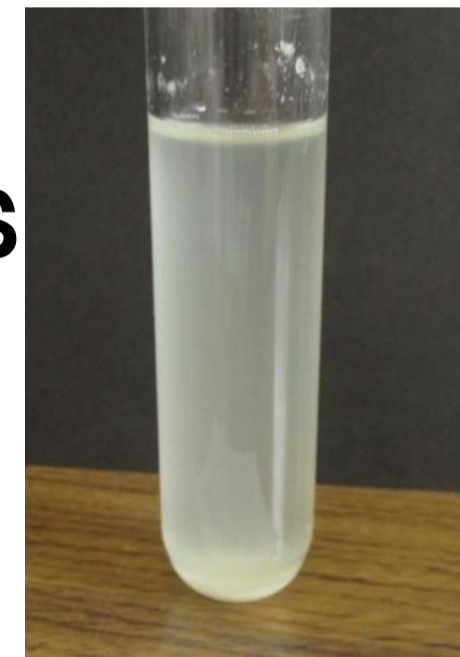
- Let marine bacteria synthesize biodegradable plastics
- Are biomass plastics environmentally friendly?

## Expt. ① Culturing marine bacteria in commercially available sun-dried salt

Liquid culture in marine broth medium ⇒ Colony on flat plate agar

12 kinds of sun-dried salt in the world ⇒ 66 strains

Origin of sun-dried salt	Strain	Origin of sun-dried salt	Strain
①China	19 species	⑦South Africa	6 species
②Australia	6 species	⑧Argentina	2 species
③Italy	14 species	⑨Australia2	2 species
④Spain	4 species	⑩Southern France	5 species
⑤Mexico	4 species	⑪Japan / Okinawa	1 species
⑥France	2 species	⑫Tokyo / Oshima	1 species



## Expt. ③ Biomass plastics formulation check the disassembly speed of plastic shopping bags

Fill the plastic shopping bag with biomass plastic (mixing ratio 10%, 25%, 30%, 50%) in the soil.

2 months later

Only the plastic shopping bag with a compounding ratio of 30% had several holes of about 4 mm (the other compounding ratios did not change).



[Forecast]

It takes more than a year to disassemble, and it may not be completely disassembled.

## Consideration

- There are bacteria in the sun salt that can synthesize biodegradable plastics
- Biomass plastics shopping bags are not environmentally friendly

## Expt. ② Synthesize bioplastics with bacteria ①

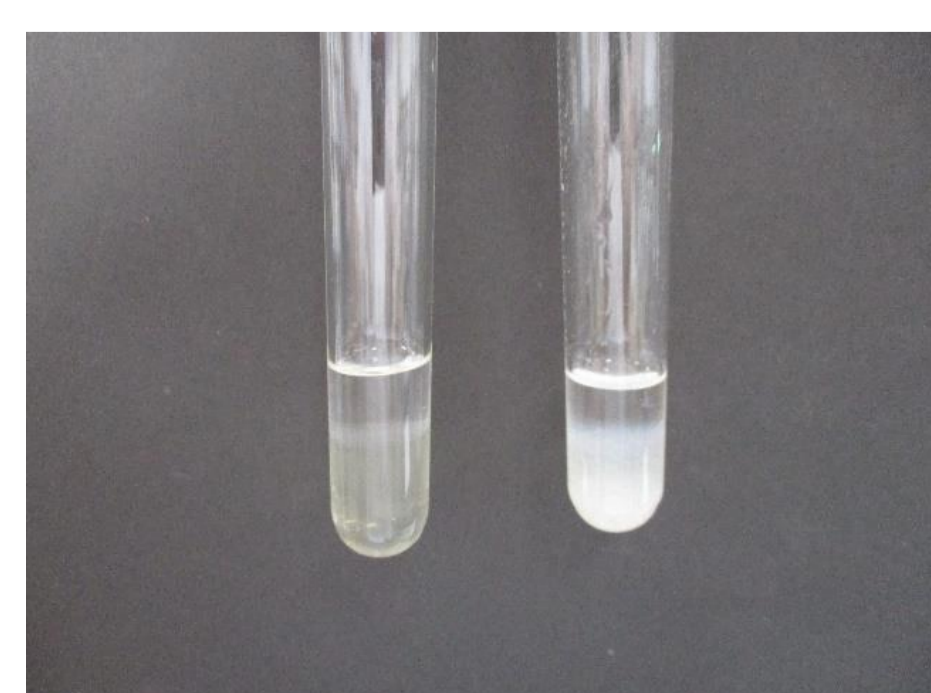
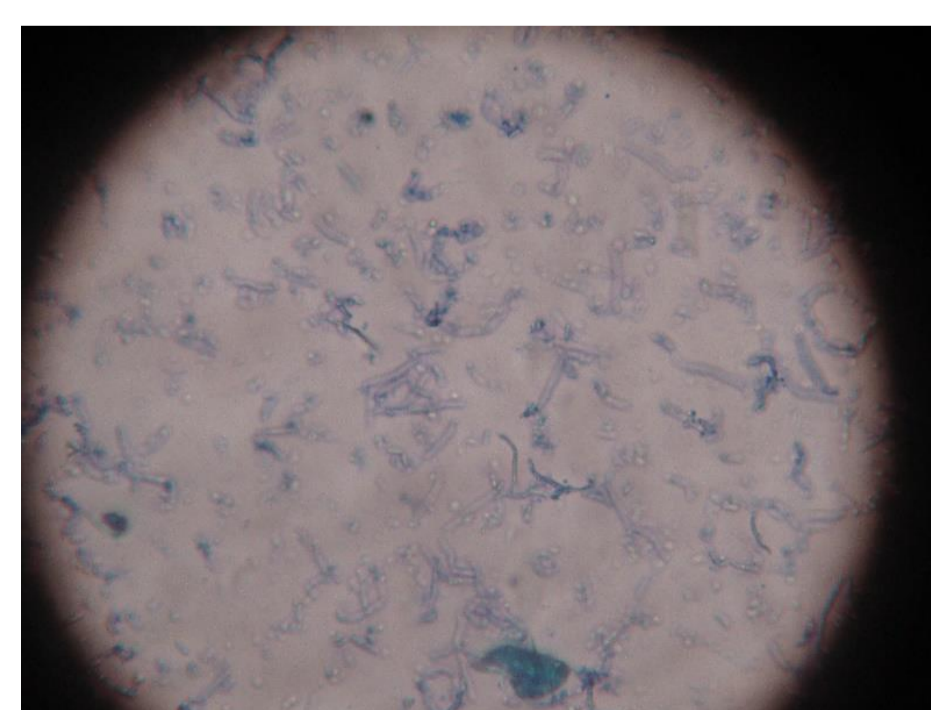
Thought of synthesis conditions with PLA, PHB(material)

- make alkaline medium → add  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$  (weak alkaline)
- change C/N concentration ratio of medium → add 5% of sucrose
- change into hyperosmotic medium → add 10% of NaCl

Verify and extract bioplastic storage and secretion

- intracellular storage : Loffler's methylene blue solution
- exocrine secretion : ink dye ⇒ observe with microscope
- centrifuge, NaOH dissolve precipitate, deposit ethanol

type	supernatant	precipitation	type	supernatant	precipitation
I3-3	○	○	SA3-6	○	○
I3-1	○	○	F3-1	×	○
SA3-1	×	○	C10-4	×	○



staining results and extract

## <Results>

- was able to synthesize, extract bioplastics materials from many bacteria
- was able to verify that materials aren't neither protein, polysaccharide nor nucleic acid
- was able to disassemble extracted materials with soil bacteria

## Research tasks from now on

- study about the decomposition speed of the bioplastics we made
- develop our study and make it practical for the SDGs
- cooperate with partnership schools to save ocean environment  
(ex.) find out where the plastic bottle flowed from/testing different types of plastic bags including bioplastics/participate in idea contest about environment preservation

## Harvest from the research

- we realized what we can do to save the environment as students
- noticed what's "good" in the society doesn't always be "good"
- learned that students like us can make success by making effort
- we want to be a researcher and do something useful to the society