



Fairtrade

Himeji International School



The country producing *cacao*

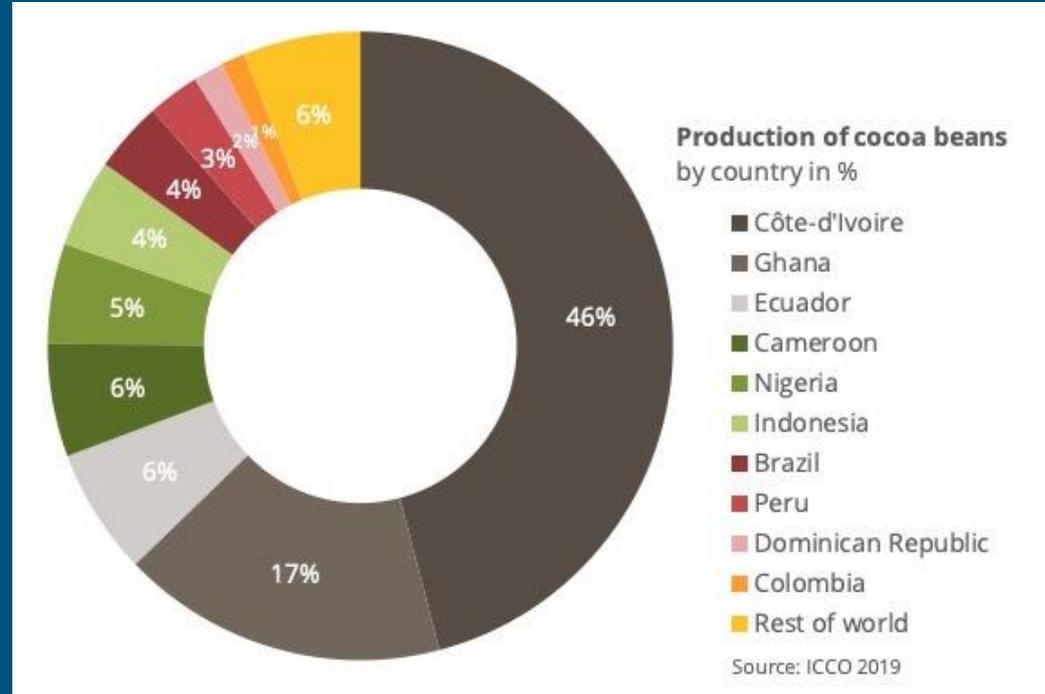
~From the perspective of fairtrade sides~



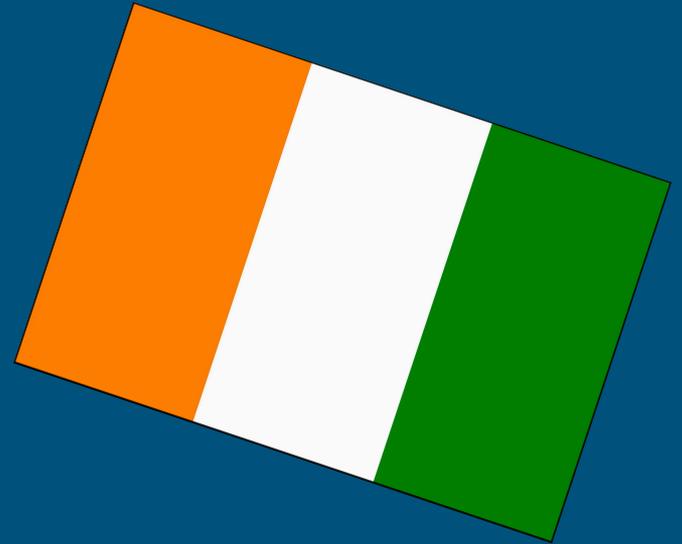
The amount of cocoa production

No.1 Cote-d'Ivoire
(Ivory Coast) 46%

NO.9 Dominican Republic 2%



Cote-d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast)



Child Labor

The Harkin Engel Protocol US and the Association of Chocolate Manufacturers are able to make it possible to certify that child labor has not been used for 50% of cacao bean production.



The Dominican Republic

- Most of the GDP in the Dominican Republic is from Cacao.

Cacao production is important for their livelihood.

Before Fairtrade existed in The Dominican Republic

- Tried to produce and sell cacao rapidly →
To acquire income **individually**
- The quality was poor.
- Supply increased but demand decreased 

As a result, the National Cacao Confederation of the Dominican Republic (**CONACADO**) was established in 1988.

Fairtrade agreement with CONACADO

The CONACADO goals are :

- To improve quality of cacao
- To give advice
- To impart knowledge
- To stabilize the price of cacao

Conclusion

- CONACADO is trying to solve various problems that are difficult to solve individually
- The productivity of cacao has increased

This agreement was not created by developed countries to assist developing countries, but instead for developing countries to try to solve their problems amongst themselves.

—
Have you seen this mark?
Products with the
International Fairtrade
Certification Label
are required to display it.



The End

Thank you for listening